# READING ECA

# National Reading Tests

First name
Last name
Last Hame
School
Class
Date of birth O
Date of test 0 5 2 0 1 6
Total score (maximum 39)





### **Practice questions**

In this booklet, there are different types of question for you to answer in different ways. Here are some practice questions which show you the types of question you will see in the test. The instructions tell you what you need to do. Start by reading the text in the box below.

When the morning of the trip finally arrived, Anna was up and ready to go before the sun had even peeked above the horizon. After breakfast, the family hiked to the train station with their heavy suitcases, sandy buckets and colourful spades.

During the train journey Anna listened to music and played games. Finally, they went through a long dark tunnel and, as the train glided out, the rippling blue sea came into view. What a summer this was going to be!

a	How did they travel on the trip?  Tick two.  by bus	Hint: Check how many you have to tick.		
b	Find and copy two things that Anna did to pass the time	e on the journey.		
	1	Hint: You must look back in the text to find these.		
	2			
C	Look at the text in the box below.			
	Underline two words that describe the sea.	Hint: Check how many words to underline.		
	Finally, they went through a long dark tunnel and, as the train glided out, the rippling blue sea came into view.			
	Hint: If you make a mistake and then write out your new answe			

Put ticks to show which statements are <b>tru</b>	<b>ie</b> and which are <b>false</b> .
	True False
Anna was ready before the sun was up.	
Anna slept for the whole journey.	
They went on the trip in autumn.	
Number these events from 1 to 4 to show to the speed of the station.  Anna saw the sea.  Anna went to the station.  Anna woke up.	he order in which they happened.
Choose the best word or group of words to the sentence and tick your choices.	fit Hint: Read the whole question below before you choose your answers.
Anna was travelling	
a) with her on her own	with her starting with her class
and was going to	
b) the city. the seaside.	the mountains. the desert.
In this booklet, you have three to about. Read the first text carefu questions for that text. Then can answering the questions and so	
	Anna slept for the whole journey.  They went on the trip in autumn.  Number these events from 1 to 4 to show to One has been done for you.  Anna ate breakfast.  Anna saw the sea.  Anna went to the station.  Anna woke up.  1  Choose the best word or group of words to the sentence and tick your choices.  Anna was travelling  a) with her friends on her own  and was going to  b) the city.  Please wait until you are In this booklet, you have three to about. Read the first text careful

need to, until you finish page 15 or until you are asked to stop.

You have up to 60 minutes to do the test.

### Welcome to the mountains

Mountains are spectacular places to explore. They are wild, remote and beautiful. There are still many unvisited mountains in the world. So plan a trip, find some companions, get equipped and get out into the mountains.

### Interview with a mountain explorer, Rob Hutton.

# Q. When were you first interested in mountains?

A. I always loved facts and figures about mountains and would spend hours poring over books and atlases. I memorised the heights of the highest mountains in the world when I was six. Then I joined the Outdoor Pursuits club at school when I was 13. Each year we went to North Wales for a week, where I was introduced to abseiling, climbing, hill walking and wild camping. Great stuff!

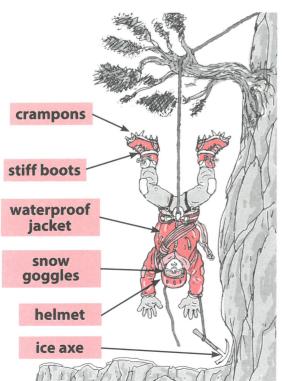
Highest n	nountain on each	continent
Continent	Mountain	Height (above sea level)
Asia	Everest	8,848m
South America	Aconcagua	6,961m
North America	McKinley	6,194m
Africa	Kilimanjaro	5,895m
Europe	Elbrus	5,642m

### Q. What do you like about exploring mountains?

**A.** Getting away from crowds, being self-reliant, and the sheer fun and physical nature of mountaineering all attract me, as well as the wonderful landscapes you pass through.

### Q. Is there a particular mountain you would like to climb?

A. Island Peak (almost 6,200 metres high) in Nepal. It's the mountain Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay climbed in 1953 before they conquered Everest. I'd like to succeed with that one. I have climbed in the area on dozens of occasions but I still can't pretend to know the mountains well. They combine challenge, a fantastic landscape and remoteness all to the right degree.



### Q. Have you ever got lost in the mountains?

**A.** Yes, loads. The important thing is not to panic. Make a plan to relocate yourself using your map, compass and memory of the ground that you have just walked over.

# Q. Is there anything that scares you about mountains?

A. AVALANCHES. They don't respect age or climbing ability. In spite of lots of scientific research, they still remain unpredictable. I almost got trapped under a barrage of snow thundering downhill at 130 kilometres per hour when climbing in the Alps once. It frightened the life out of me.

### Q. What is your favourite bit of kit?

A. I think it has to be a headband. It doesn't make your head boil like a woolly hat can, but it keeps your ears warm. I think the headband is an unsung hero.

1	Look at the section in the box at the top of the page.	
	What is this section encouraging you to do?	
	Tick one.  to go mountain climbing	1 1m
2	Look at the text in the box below.	
	<b>Underline</b> the <b>two</b> words that show there are not many people in the mountains.	
3	Mountains are spectacular places to explore. They are wild, remote and beautiful. There are still many unvisited mountains in the world. So plan a trip, find some companions, get equipped and get out into the mountains.  What was the <b>first</b> sign that Rob would one day be a mountain climber?	2 1m
	Tick <b>one</b> .  He was fascinated by mountains as a small boy.  He joined an outdoor activity club while at school.  He climbed his first mountain at age 13.  He visited the mountains in North Wales.	3
4	Which of the following does Rob say that he enjoys about mountain climbing?	1m
	Tick <b>three</b> .  the scenery depending on himself the danger the physical challenge the weather the company of other climbers	4 1m
	please turn over	



5	The word AVALANCHES is printed in capital letters to show Rob's tone of voice.	
	Which of the following do the capital letters represent?	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  anger surprise emphasis whispering	5 1m
6	In his last answer, Rob describes the headband as an unsung hero.	
	This means he thinks that the headband	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  provides protection.  is just a passing fashion.  is overrated.  is undervalued.  is a secret.	6 1m
7	Which mountains has Rob climbed?	
	Put ticks to show whether Rob <b>has</b> or <b>has not</b> climbed the listed mountains or	

Put ticks to show whether Rob has or has not climbed the listed mountains or whether it is not possible to tell.

	Has climbed	Has not climbed	Not possible to tell
Mount Elbrus			
Mount Everest			
Island Peak			
mountains in the Alps			
Mount Kilimanjaro			
mountains in North Wales			



6

8	Island Peak is almost 6,200 metres high.	
	Why is it <b>not</b> listed in the table of highest mountains at the top of the page?	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  because all the other mountains are higher than Island Peak because Rob has not climbed it yet because it is not the highest mountain on its continent because it has only just been discovered	8 1m
9	What does the illustration add to the text?	
	Tick <b>two</b> .  a comical view of mountain climbing information about the height of mountains health and safety advice encouragement to try mountain climbing useful information about the kit needed	9 1m
10	Which of the following does the text include?	
	Tick <b>two</b> .  some facts and figures  a diary entry  a fictional account  a formal report  personal opinion	10 1m
	please turn over	

## A pirate's life

Life as a pirate was hard, despite the lure of easy money. Long months at sea, perilous weather and the threat of execution for pirates who got caught made for a difficult existence.

Nevertheless, in the early 1700s piracy flourished. Sailors who had left the navy, criminals in search of a quick fortune, merchants who had fallen on hard times, and escaped slaves all thought the risks worth taking. This continued until about 1730, when piracy was so widespread that European navies took action and hunted pirates down.

### Were there really treasure islands?

During the golden age of piracy, in the early 1700s, hundreds of pirate ships sailed the Atlantic. They were looking for Spanish treasure ships, carrying home vast amounts of wealth from Spanish colonies in South America. Some of the pirates who raided them managed to amass huge fortunes. Most pirates frittered away their riches carelessly and few had much left over. But some treasure really *was* buried on islands for safekeeping, just as it was in adventure stories and folk tales.

### Who were the most famous and feared?

Blackbeard, whose real name was Edward Teach, had a reputation that reached far and wide. His daring and dramatic entrances on board enemy ships would cause chaos amongst the crew. He liked to appear in a cloud of smoke, with burning fuses woven into his hair and beard. His victims were usually so scared that they handed over their cargo without a struggle.



Blackbeard's flag: a sight dreaded by sailors

Although Blackbeard was the most famous of pirates, Bartholomew Roberts was the most successful and menacing. The rumour is that he captured a staggering total of more than 400 ships in his short career!

Roberts, born in South Wales, was reluctant at first to live a life of crime. He had been working aboard a royal ship when it was captured by a crew of fearsome pirates, captained by Hywel Davies (another Welshman). Roberts was forced to join the criminal crew. However, Davies was killed in battle less than a month later and in this short time Roberts had proven his skills and leadership. Surprisingly, the crew elected him to be the next captain.



Believe it or not, having an awesome beard wasn't a 'must-have' for being a pirate. In fact, some of the beardless pirates were actually women. However, male pirates were a superstitious bunch who fiercely believed that having women on board would bring bad luck. So how did women 'wannabe' pirates overcome this obstacle? By keeping their true identity under wraps – dressing like men and letting their ferocity do the talking. What's more, these female pirates were just as good at being bad as even the most merciless men.

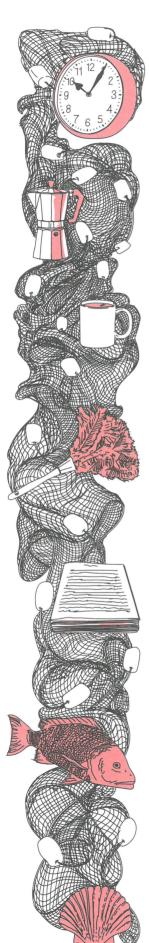
1	Choose the best word or group of words to fit the sentence and tick your choices.	
	Piracy was	1a
	a) an an an an arelaxing a relaxing a relaxing	1m
	way of life, chosen by people who were hoping to	1b
	b) join the navy. find their fortune. return home. find honest work.	1m
2	Look at the text in the box below.	
	<b>Underline two</b> words that show how popular piracy became.	
3	Nevertheless, in the early 1700s piracy flourished. Sailors who had left the navy, criminals in search of a quick fortune, merchants who had fallen on hard times, and escaped slaves all thought the risks worth taking. This continued until about 1730, when piracy was so widespread that European navies took action and hunted pirates down.  all thought the risks worth taking.  What does this show about the people who became pirates?	2 1m
	Tick <b>one</b> .  They found the thrill of the experience enough of a reward.  They believed the rewards outweighed the dangers.  They saw risk-taking as a valuable characteristic for a pirate.  They called the treasure they had stolen their 'risks'.	3 1m
4	Look at the section headed Were there really treasure islands?	
	<b>Find</b> and <b>copy one</b> word that means the ships were searched for treasure.	1m
	please turn over	

5	Look at the last sentence in the section headed Were there really treasure islands?	
	Why is the word was in italics?	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  to stress that this information is definitely true  to highlight how long ago in history this happened  to tell you that this is not factual information  to show that the buried treasure is no longer there	5 1m
6	According to the text, which of these statements are about Blackbeard?	
	Tick <b>two</b> .  His real name was Bartholomew Roberts.  His real name was Edward Teach.  His real name was Hywel Davies.  He was the most successful pirate.  He was the most famous pirate.  He was the most menacing pirate.	6 1m
7	According to the text, how did Blackbeard get most of his treasure?	
	Tick one.  by frightening people with his appearance  by setting his enemies' ships on fire  by putting women on board enemy ships for bad luck  by fighting only people who had the most treasure  by masking himself in smoke so sailors could not see him	7 1m
8	Number these events from 1 to 6 to show the order in which they happened in Bartholomew Roberts' life.	
	Roberts' ship was captured by pirates.	
	Roberts captured more than 400 ships.	
	Roberts worked on a royal ship.	
	Hywel Davies died in battle.	
	Roberts joined the pirate crew.	8
	Roberts became captain.	1m

9	<b>Find</b> and <b>copy two</b> words that show that Bartholomew Roberts had <b>not</b> wanted to become a pirate.	
	1	9
	2	1m
10	It may not be true that Bartholomew Roberts captured more than 400 ships.	
	Find and copy one word that shows this.	10 1m
11	Female pirates were	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  less fierce than male pirates.  obstacles on board the ships.  as cruel as male pirates.  very bad at being pirates.  kept secret by male pirates.	11 1m
12	Why did pirates not like having women aboard their ships?  The pirates thought	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  women could not fight well.  women were too violent.  women disliked their beards.  women would bring bad luck.  women would get in the way.	12 1m
	please turn over	

TOTAL 8m

### The housekeeper



This text is about a girl, Laura, who has gone to stay with her uncle.

Laura swung out of bed and put her feet on the cold wooden boards. As she did so, she caught sight of the clock. For a mad moment, she wondered if it was upside down. In her entire eleven years she'd only twice been allowed to sleep in past eight, and both times were at Christmas. Now it was 10.05am. Laura strained her ears but the house was silent. Her uncle didn't seem concerned whether she slept the day away or turned cartwheels.

There was a pot of coffee and some milk on the kitchen table. Laura poured herself a drink and walked around cradling it, searching for her uncle. His bedroom door had been opened and the bed neatly made. He hadn't mentioned what he did for a living. Maybe he was rich and did nothing at all.

She heard a drawer being opened in the next room. Unaccountably pleased that her uncle had not gone out, but was merely working in his study, Laura bounded over to the door, which was slightly ajar. She pushed it open without thinking. A woman with crinkly black hair and a squashed button nose was crouching over Calvin Redfern's desk with a document in her hand, like a bird of prey poised to rip into a mouse. A feather duster lay across a high-backed black leather chair.

"I'm cleaning," declared Mrs Webb, a note of defiance in her voice.

"Of course," said Laura. She closed the door quickly and returned to the kitchen, heart thudding. Either her uncle liked his documents polished or Mrs Webb was – was what? Going through his personal papers? Laura gave herself a shake. She'd only just arrived in St Ives and already she was finding fault with the place.

She was washing her mug at the sink when Laura sensed she was being watched. Mrs Webb was leaning against the door, arms folded and lips pursed.

"You'll be Mr Redfern's niece?" Laura knew at once it would be a mistake to make an enemy of her.

"That's right," she responded as warmly as she could manage. "I'm Laura. And you must be Mrs Webb. My uncle was raving about your cooking."

"He'd be hard pressed to find anyone better to take care of him, that I can promise you," Mrs Webb said challengingly, as though Laura were making a bid for her job.

"Umm, Mrs Webb, what is it that my uncle does?" Laura said, edging past the housekeeper into the hallway.

For some reason the question seemed to amuse Mrs Webb. "He's a fisheries man. He counts fishing boat catches or some such."

Laura was unlocking the front door when she heard the housekeeper mutter, "Or so he says."

She paused. "Excuse me?"

The housekeeper leaned around the kitchen door. "I said, 'Enjoy St Ives'."

1	Choose the best word or group of words to fit each sentence and tick your choices.		
	Laura woke up		
	a) in a new in her own at boarding in hospital. In hospital.	1a 1m	
	Her first thought was that	1b	
	b) she was dreaming. she had misread out of bed. it was Christmas.	1m	
	She was suprised that no one	1c	
	c) had made breakfast. knew she was there. had woken her up. was cleaning the house.	1m	
	Normally, she was used to	1d	
	d) living alone. an early breakfast chaos. start. chaos.	1m	
(2)	What was the first sign that there was someone else in the house?		
	Tick <b>one</b> .		
	Laura found some breakfast.		
	Laura heard a noise.		
	Laura saw that a door was open.	2	
	Laura saw Mrs Webb.		
	Laura saw that her uncle's bed was made.	1m	
3	What did Laura see Mrs Webb doing in Calvin Redfern's room?		
	Tick <b>one</b> .		
	cleaning his desk		
	polishing his belongings	3	
	stealing his money		
	looking at his papers	1m	
4	Mrs Webb was like a bird of prey poised to rip into a mouse.		
	The effect of this description is to make Mrs Webb		
	Tick <b>one</b> .		
	seem like a comic character. seem sad and unloved.	4	
	seem like a wise old lady. seem unpleasant and vicious.		
		1m	
	please turn over	TOTAL	
	12		

5	Mrs Webb told a lie to cover up what she was doing.	
	Find and copy the lie.	5
(5)	Look at the text in the box below.	1m
	Underline the phrase that shows that Laura found it hard to be friendly to Mrs Webb.	
	"You'll be Mr Redfern's niece?" Laura knew at once it would be a mistake to make an enemy of her.  "That's right," she responded as warmly as she could manage. "I'm Laura. And you must be Mrs Webb. My uncle was raving about your cooking."	6 1m
7	Which of the following best describes Mrs Webb's attitude to Laura?	
	Tick one.  cruel hostile uninterested uncommunicative	7 1m
8	Laura tried to please Mrs Webb by praising her	
	Tick <b>one</b> .  cleaning.  orderliness.  cooking.  appearance.  sense of humour.	8 1m

9	Laura began a question to Mrs Webb with the sound "Umr	m".	
	What does this sound represent?		
	Tick <b>one</b> .  a cough		
10	Why did Mrs Webb say 'Enjoy St Ives'?		
11)	She was confused and had forgotten what she had said.  She did not want to repeat what she had said the first time.  She spoke nonsense most of the time.  She was distracted and had made a harmless mistake.  The extract on page 12 is the beginning of a longer story as about what is likely to happen.  Tick to show whether the text does or does not provide exthe following.	nd it gives a fe	
		Does provide evidence	Does not provide evidence
	There is a mystery about Calvin Redfern's job.		
	Mrs Webb might cause trouble for Laura.		
	Mrs Webb might cause trouble for Laura.  Laura is going to solve a murder.		
	Laura is going to solve a murder.		

End of test. Please check your work.



### **Acknowledgements**

'Welcome to the mountains' adapted from *Mountains (Explorer Travel Guides)* by Chris Oxlade (Raintree, 2014)

'A pirate's life' adapted from
The Usborne Book of Treasure Hunting by Anna Claybourne and Caroline Young
(Usborne Publishing Ltd, 1998)
and

'10 Amazing Female Pirates' by Mark Pygas http://listverse.com/2013/09/28/10-amazing-female-pirates/

'The housekeeper' taken from *Dead Man's Cove* by Lauren St John (Orion Children's Books, 2011)

These texts have been incorporated into this test paper solely for the purposes of the examination in accordance with Section 32(3) of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

No copyright clearance for any other use has been obtained or sought.